The nation’s gold standard to hold nearly 8,000 lawmakers accountable for their voting records.

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<td>Nevada Assembly Vote Descriptions</td>
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LETTER FROM THE CHAIRMAN

The American Conservative Union Foundation’s Center for Legislative Accountability is proud to present our Ratings of Nevada for 2021. Like our Ratings of Congress, ACU Foundation’s Ratings of the States are meant to reflect how elected officials view the role of government in an individual’s life. We begin with our philosophy (conservatism is the political philosophy that sovereignty resides in the person) and then apply the proper role of government (its essential role is to defend Life, Liberty and Property).

The Left has stormed our nation’s corridors of power to take control over the lives of every American. Now, they have set their sights on the states, freedom’s last line of defense.

President Lincoln once said, “America will never be destroyed from the outside. If we falter and lose our freedoms, it will be because we destroyed ourselves.” The Left’s agenda dismantles the vision of our founders when they pledged their lives, their fortunes, and their sacred honor.

We hope these Ratings will empower each and every American to hold their officials accountable and to rally behind the conservative champions who defend our freedoms in statehouses around the country.

Matt Schlapp
Chairman
American Conservative Union Foundation
ABOUT THE CENTER FOR LEGISLATIVE ACCOUNTABILITY

The Center for Legislative Accountability (CLA), an initiative of the American Conservative Union Foundation (ACUF), is the premier organization for holding lawmakers accountable. The CLA produces the longest-running conservative congressional scorecard and our state program is the only one in the nation that scores all 8,000 lawmakers in the 50 states across every policy area. In addition to ACUF’s Conservative Political Action Conference (CPAC), the largest gathering of conservatives in the world, the CLA develops conservative policy solutions and educates everyday citizens and activists on the proper role of government. In 1971, ACUF launched its Ratings of Congress to provide a comprehensive evaluation of the voting records of every Member of Congress.

The Ratings quickly became considered the “gold standard” and over the following decades have been utilized by activists, voters, academics and elected officials to determine which lawmakers best adhere to conservative principles. In 2011, these Ratings were expanded into state legislatures as part of a five-state pilot program. By 2015, Ratings of the States grew to include all 50 states and all 99 legislative chambers.

Today, the CLA annually analyzes over 105,000 pieces of legislation to issue scores for all of America’s federal and state lawmakers and presents awards to lawmakers who score 80% or better in recognition of their conservative voting records.

ACUF

Executive Committee
Matt Schlapp
Chairman
Charlie Gerow
Vice Chairman
Randy Neugebauer
Treasurer
Kimberly Bellissimo
Secretary
Dan Schneider
Executive Vice President

Board Members
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Carolyn D. Meadows
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Muriel Coleman
Sander Gerber
Alan M. Gottlieb
Dr. M. Zuhdi Jasser
KT McFarland
Jim McLaughlin
Priscilla O'Shaughnessy
Ron Robinson
Mike Rose
Tim Ryan

Terry Schilling
Matt Smith
Thomas Winter
METHODOLOGY

The CLA’s Ratings of Congress and the States illustrate how elected officials view the role of government in an individual’s life. When determining a position on a particular issue, the CLA begins by defining conservatism: the political philosophy that sovereignty resides in the person. Then, we apply the founders’ belief that the proper role of government is to protect Life, Liberty and Property.

In order to depict how closely a lawmaker adheres to conservative principles, the CLA selects from the full spectrum of issues relating to the economy, culture, national security and government integrity. Some key areas include taxation, spending, education, labor, licensure, regulation, environment, life, free speech, Second Amendment rights, foreign aid, defense priorities and global organizations, including the United Nations. All congressional and state analyses are conducted after the adjournment of a legislative session to ensure that no issue is neglected.

Each lawmaker is evaluated on a zero to 100 scale, with a score of 100 representing a voting record that is perfectly aligned with conservative principles. Officials who earn a score of 90% or higher are presented with the CLA’s highest honor, the Award for Conservative Excellence, while those who earn a score of 80% or higher, but less than 90%, are presented with the Award for Conservative Achievement. Additionally, any lawmaker who earns a score of 10% or lower qualifies for the ACUF’s Coalition of the Radical Left.

ANNUAL METRICS

To determine legislative rankings, the CLA annually evaluates over 105,000 bills that were introduced in Congress and every convening state legislature running from January 1 to December 31. Of those bills, the CLA ultimately selects roughly 2,000 pieces of legislation that best illustrate how elected officials view the role of government in an individual’s life. The CLA calculates individual scores for a total of nearly 8,000 federal and state lawmakers based on over 157,000 votes cast on the 2,000 bills selected. The CLA provides a score for each legislative chamber, which is based upon the average scores of all members within that respective chamber. A legislature’s overall score is calculated by averaging each state’s two legislative chambers together in order to better reflect the differences in political power between the chambers. (The exception being Nebraska, the nation’s only unicameral legislature comprising a single legislative chamber, on which the state’s overall score is based.)
### 2021 WINNERS & LOSERS

#### 90-100% AWARD FOR CONSERVATIVE EXCELLENCE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Party</th>
<th>Name 1</th>
<th>Name 2</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Assembly</td>
<td>BLACK, ANNIE</td>
<td>MATTHEWS, ANDY</td>
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<tr>
<td>Assembly</td>
<td>MCARTHUR, RICHARD</td>
<td>TITUS, ROBIN</td>
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#### ≤ 10% COALITION OF THE RADICAL LEFT

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<tr>
<th>Party</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Assembly</td>
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#### 80-89% AWARD FOR CONSERVATIVE ACHIEVEMENT

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<tr>
<th>Change</th>
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<tr>
<td>Senate</td>
<td>HANSEN, IRA</td>
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<tr>
<td>Assembly</td>
<td>DICKMAN, JILL</td>
<td>HANSEN, ALEXIS</td>
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<td>Assembly</td>
<td>ELLISON, JOHN</td>
<td>WHEELER, JIM</td>
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<tr>
<td>Assembly</td>
<td>HAFEN, GREGORY</td>
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</table>

*Compared to number of qualifying lawmakers in the previous session
Republicans in ALL CAPS, Democrats in initial caps, asterisk indicates Independents/Libertarians/other
NEVADA SENATE STATISTICS

OVERALL AVERAGE 34%

LOWEST REPUBLICAN SEEVERS GANSERT, HEIDI 49%

HIGHEST DEMOCRAT SPEARMAN, PAT 13%

REPUBLICAN AVERAGE 63%

DEMOCRAT AVERAGE 11%

SPEARMAN, PAT 13%

NEVADA SENATE CONSERVATIVE RATINGS

RED = REPUBLICANS
BLUE = DEMOCRATS

9 TOTAL IN SENATE
12 TOTAL IN SENATE

2021 CPAC Foundation Percentage
# NEVADA SENATE SCORES

## NEVADA SENATE VOTE DETAIL

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* = Member voted with ACU’s position  
† = Member voted against ACU’s position  
R = Republican  D = Democrat  I = Independent  
† = Legislator did not vote on enough of the selected bills and as a result did not receive a rating for the 2021 session. Two-thirds of the selected bills must be voted on to receive a score.  

- S3R 8 Establishing an Equal Rights Amendment to the State Constitution.  
- A3R 10 Codifying a $12 per Hour Minimum Wage in the State Constitution.  
- A28 Increasing Taxpayer Costs Through a Protectionist State Procurement Mandate.  
- AB 57 Weakening Educational Standards by Suspending Student Growth Evaluations.  
- AB 59 Advancing the War on Individual Liberties by Raising the Nicotine Age to 21.  
- AB 61 Increasing Scarcity by Imposing Price Controls During Declared States of Emergency.  
- AB 103 Driving Up Property Insurance Premiums Through a New Mandate Concerning Dog Breeds.  
- AB 109 Preventing Charter Schools from Hiring the Most Qualified Teachers.  
- SB 145 Imposing Unnecessary New Mandates on the Financial Industry.  
- AB 146 Advancing Overreaching New Regulations Through a “Right” to Clean Water.  
- AB 157 Strengthening Property Rights by Combating Excessive Zoning Regulations.  
- AB 166 Advancing Critical Race Theory Through New State Curriculum Mandates.  
- SB 167 Advancing Gender and Race Quotas Through Workplace Diversity Studies.  
- AB 260 Mandating Private Businesses Make Single-Stall Restrooms “Inclusive to Any Gender Identity”.  
- SB 263 Placing Taxpayer Funds at Risk Through a Renewable Energy Financing Scheme.  
- SB 284 Enriching Developers and Further Socializing “Affordable Housing” Costs.  
- AB 286 Infringing Second Amendment Rights Through a New Mandate Concerning Wildlife.  
- SB 288 Advancing Innovation by Permitting Transportation Network Companies to Contract with Autonomous Vehicle Providers.  
- SB 291 Imposing Additional Licensing Mandates on Estheticians.  
- SB 420 Further Socializing Health Care Through Creation of a “Public Option”.  
- AB 432 Expanding Automatic Voter Registration to Individuals Receiving Government Assistance.  
- SB 446 Hiking Electricity Cost to Advance a “Clean Energy Transformation”.  
- AB 478 Adding Additional Mandates on Landlords Concerning Late Fees and Rent Increases.  
- AB 491 Weakening Election Integrity Through a Permanent Vote-By-Mail Scheme.  
- SB 324 Reducing Barriers to Healthcare by Providing Pharmacists Authority to Prescribe HIV Prevention Drugs.  
- SB 327 Harming Employment Opportunities for People with Protective Hairstyles and Encouraging Lawsuit Abuse.  
- AB 363 Infringing Consumer Choice Through Appliance Efficiency Mandates.  
- SB 420 Further Socializing Health Care Through Creation of a “Public Option”.  
- AB 432 Expanding Automatic Voter Registration to Individuals Receiving Government Assistance.  
- SB 446 Hiking Electricity Cost to Advance a “Clean Energy Transformation”.  
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- SB 446 Hiking Electricity Cost to Advance a “Clean Energy Transformation”.  
- AB 478 Adding Additional Mandates on Landlords Concerning Late Fees and Rent Increases.  
- AB 491 Weakening Election Integrity Through a Permanent Vote-By-Mail Scheme.
### NEVADA SENATE VOTE DETAIL

| Name               | Party | Dist | 2021 % | 2019 % | Lifetime AVG | 2019 AVG | SRP 8 | AB 28 | AB 59 | AB 61 | SB 109 | SB 115 | SB 145 | SB 150 | SB 157 | SB 186 | AB 190 | AB 207 | SB 227 | AB 247 | AB 251 | AB 261 | SB 287 | AB 280 | SB 283 | AB 284 | SB 286 | AB 288 | SB 301 | SB 303 | AB 308 | AB 321 | AB 327 | AB 333 | AB 339 | AB 340 | SB 446 | AB 448 | AB 485 | AB 495 |
|--------------------|-------|------|--------|--------|--------------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Lange, Roberta     | D     | 7    | 11%    | n/a    | 11%          | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     | +      | -      | +      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      |
| Neal, Dina         | D     | 4    | 11%    | 16%    | 12%          | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     | +      | -      | +      | -      | +      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      |
| Ohrenschall, James | D     | 21   | 11%    | 6%     | 12%          | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     | +      | -      | -      | +      | -      | -      | +      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      |
| PICKARD, KEITH     | R     | 20   | 64%    | 57%    | 67%          | -        | -     | +     | -     | +     | x      | x      | x      | +      | -      | +      | x      | +      | -      | +      | -      | +      | -      | +      | -      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      |
| Ratti, Julia       | D     | 13   | 11%    | 6%     | 15%          | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      |
| Scheible, Melanie  | D     | 9    | 11%    | 6%     | 8%           | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      |
| SEEVERS GANSERT, HEIDI | R  | 15   | 49%    | 60%    | 65%          | -        | +     | -     | -     | -     | -      | +      | +      | +      | +      | -      | +      | -      | +      | -      | +      | -      | +      | -      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      |
| SETTELMEYER, JAMES | R     | 17   | 69%    | 63%    | 81%          | -        | +     | +     | +     | +     | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      | -      | +      | -      | +      | -      | +      | -      | +      | -      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      | +      |
| Spearman, Pat      | D     | 1    | 13%    | 6%     | 13%          | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      |

+ = Member voted with ACU's position
- = Member voted against ACU's position
x = Member was absent for vote
† = Legislator did not vote on enough of the selected bills and as a result did not receive a rating for the 2021 session. Two-thirds of the selected bills must be voted on to receive a score.
R = Republican  D = Democrat  I = Independent
NEVADA SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

1. **SJR 8 Establishing an Equal Rights Amendment to the State Constitution.** This resolution proposes an amendment to the state constitution to declare “equality of rights” on the basis of race, color, creed, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, age, disability, ancestry or nation of origin. ACU opposes the Equal Rights Act (ERA) due to the fact it has nothing to do with treating individuals equally, but instead is a tool introduced by the Left to provide judges carte blanche authority to abuse the legal system, including attacking the private sector and providing “rights” to abortions, and opposed this resolution. The Senate passed the resolution for the second time on March 23, 2021 by a vote of 18-3 and the amendment will appear on the November, 2022 ballot.

2. **AJR 10 Codifying a $12 per Hour Minimum Wage in the State Constitution.** This resolution codifies a $12 per hour minimum wage into the state constitution effective July 1, 2024. ACU opposes these artificial wages that hurt those who need help the most, such as students, and opposed this resolution. The Senate passed the resolution for the second time on May 14, 2021 by a vote of 13-8 and the measure will be placed on the November, 2022 ballot.

3. **AB 28 Increasing Taxpayer Costs Through a Protectionist State Procurement Mandate.** This bill unnecessarily drives up taxpayer costs in the state procurement process by making it more difficult for out of state companies to compete for state contracts. Specifically, the bill establishes a protectionist “inverse preference” in the bidding process which penalizes out of state companies based on the procurement policies of their state. ACU supports a free and competitive bid process which provides the best value to taxpayers. ACU opposes this protectionist mandate which restricts competition and unnecessarily drives up taxpayer costs and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 17, 2021 by a vote of 21-0 and the bill was signed into law.

4. **AB 57 Weakening Educational Standards by Suspending Student Growth Evaluations.** This bill worsens educational outcomes by suspending the “pupil growth” component of teacher evaluations for the 2021-2022 school year. Under previous law, pupil growth accounted for 15% of a teacher’s annual evaluation. ACU opposes reducing educational outcomes by trapping students in classrooms with poor performing teachers and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 19, 2021 by a vote of 17-4 and the bill was signed into law.

5. **AB 59 Advancing the War on Individual Liberties by Raising the Nicotine Age to 21.** This bill violates individual liberties by prohibiting adults under age 21 from purchasing tobacco, nicotine or vaping, and e-cigarette products such as Juul. This bill is a result of efforts by the federal government to strong-arm states by threatening to withhold Federal Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant funding if they do not come into compliance with the new federal nicotine law. ACU believes tobacco and nicotine usage is a personal liberty issue, believes those who are old enough to fight for our country are old enough to decide whether to use these products and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 17, 2021 by a vote of 14-7 and the bill later became law.

6. **AB 61 Increasing Scarcity by Imposing Price Controls During Declared States of Emergency.** This bill pertaining to deceptive trade practices contains a major provision which worsens state disaster situations by imposing price controls, thus preventing the market from alleviating scarcity. Specifically, if the governor declares a state of emergency (such as during the COVID-19 pandemic) acts of “price gouging” are considered a deceptive trade practice. ACU opposes all anti-price gouging controls that worsen disasters by preventing the market from allocating scarce resources and incentivizing the flow of additional goods and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 25, 2021 by a vote of 12-9 and the bill later became law.

7. **SB 103 Driving Up Property Insurance Premiums Through a New Mandate Concerning Dog Breeds.** This bill ultimately drives up property insurance premiums for everyone by reducing the ability of insurers to assess and price risk. Under the bill, an insurer is prohibited from taking into account the breed of a dog when issuing or setting pricing for homeowners or renters insurance policies. ACU opposes this mandate which effectively socializes risk and drives up insurance premiums for everyone and opposes this bill. The Senate passed the bill on March 22, 2021 by a vote of 18-3 and the bill later became law.

8. **AB 109 Preventing Charter Schools from Hiring the Most Qualified Teachers.** This bill prevents charter schools from hiring the most effective educators by increasing the percentage of teachers from 70% to 80% that must be licensed or have subject matter expertise. ACU opposes weakening educational outcomes by restricting the ability of charter schools to hire the most effective and qualified teachers and opposes this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 20, 2021 by a vote of 12-8 and the bill later became law.
9. **SB 145 Imposing Unnecessary New Mandates on the Financial Industry.** This bill subjects financial institutions to additional unnecessary regulatory burdens concerning the federal Community Reinvestment Act (CRA) of 1977. Under the bill, financial institutions must post their ‘CRA rating’ and conduct training sessions for faith-based and community advocacy organizations to educate them on the obligations financial institutions have under the CRA. ACU opposes driving up lending costs through unnecessary regulations and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on April 14, 2021 by a vote of 15-6 and the bill was signed into law.

10. **AB 146 Advancing Overreaching New Regulations Through a “Right” to Clean Water.** This bill declares a “right” to clean water and empowers the State Environmental Commission and Department of Conservation and Natural Resources to impose overreaching new regulations on water pollution from indirect sources. ACU supports environmental protection and holding polluters accountable but opposes providing carte blanche authority to government bureaucrats to shutdown industry and carry out a radical Leftist environmental agenda and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 20, 2021 by a vote of 14-6 and the bill was signed into law.

11. **SB 150 Strengthening Property Rights by Combatting Excessive Zoning Regulations.** This bill strengthens property rights by directing large counties and cities to amend at least one of their zoning districts to permit construction of accessory dwelling units and “tiny houses.” As a result, property owners will have greater freedom to build on their property, and developers will have greater opportunities to construct “tiny home parks.” ACU recognizes that numerous zoning boards across the state have abused their powers, with their central planning practices driving up housing costs and expanding cronyism in development. ACU supports strengthening property rights and empowering the free market and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on April 20, 2021 by a vote of 20-1 and the bill was signed into law.

12. **AB 157 Permitting Lawsuits Based on 911 Calls Believed to be Motivated by Race or Gender Identity.** This bill enriches plaintiffs’ attorneys and serves as a new tool by the Left to intimidate individuals from summoning law enforcement. Under the bill, a person can now sue another individual for summoning law-enforcement because of a characteristic such as “race, religious conviction, gender, disability, gender identity, sexual orientation, color, or national origin.” The bill permits plaintiffs to recover compensatory damages (including emotional distress), statutory damages of $1,000 for each act that gives rise to liability, punitive damages, and reasonable costs and attorney’s fees. ACU believes anyone who abuses public safety resources should face penalties under the law, as is currently the case. ACU further believes in equal rights under the law for all and that it is the duty of government to ensure all laws are applied equally. ACU opposes enriching plaintiffs’ attorneys through this measure which runs afoul of the whole concept of equal application of justice and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 17, 2021 by a vote of 17-4 and the bill was signed into law.

13. **SB 166 Further Advancing Unequal Justice Under the Law Through the State’s “Hate Crime” Statute.** This bill further advances unequal justice under the law by worsening the state’s “hate crime” statute. Under the bill, a person can now receive enhanced sentences under the state’s hate crime statute even if they have the same identifying characteristics which allegedly motivated them to commit the crime against their victim. ACU recognizes that all crimes are disrespectful of individual rights and reflect an animus toward others. ACU opposes increasing penalties for crimes committed against select individuals which runs afoul of the whole concept of equal application of justice and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on April 19, 2021 by a vote of 12-9 and the bill later became law.

14. **AB 186 Combatting “Policing for Profit” by Ending Traffic Citation and Arrest Quotas.** This bill would help prevent “policing for profit” by prohibiting any law enforcement agency from requiring law enforcement officers to meet traffic citation or arrest quotas. ACU’s Nolan Center for Justice is a national leader in criminal justice reform and works to cut crime, reduce taxpayer costs, protect victims, define the proper scope of government, and responsibly reduce incarceration rates. ACU opposes policing quotas which prioritize revenue generation over public safety and lead to unequal application of the law and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 20, 2021 by a vote of 15-5 and the bill was signed into law.
15. **AB 190 Imposing a New Paid Leave Mandate on Private Employers and Employees.** This bill interferes in the contracting rights of private employers and employees by imposing a new paid leave mandate. Under the bill, any company which provides paid or unpaid sick leave is now forced to authorize usage by an employee to attend to a family member. ACU believes employers and employees should be free to negotiate their own benefits, and opposes this infringement of the right to contract, which may limit the ability of employees to receive other benefits or job perks and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 20, 2021 by a vote of 20-0 and the bill later became law.

16. **AB 207 Increasing Frivolous Litigation by Expanding Public Accommodation Laws to Encompass “Online Establishments.”** This bill is largely designed to enrich greedy plaintiffs’ attorneys by expanding the state’s public accommodation laws covering discrimination to now include “online establishments,” including goods and services provided over the internet. ACU believes discrimination is wrong and that businesses which discriminate will face repercussions in the marketplace. ACU opposes this measure which provides a new incentive in the legal system to extort small businesses with frivolous litigation and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 20, 2021 by a vote of 12-8 and the bill was signed into law.

17. **AB 211 Weakening Property Rights Through a New Mandate Concerning Wildlife.** This bill weakens property rights by placing yet another regulatory barrier on individuals wishing to develop their land. Under the bill, tentative maps for subdivision of land must be submitted to the Nevada Department of Wildlife. The agency is then required to submit comments on the potential impacts on wildlife habitat that local jurisdictions must consider. ACU recognizes there are already numerous environmental regulations imposed at the federal, state and local level of governments, opposes further weakening property rights and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 21, 2021 by a vote of 16-5 and the bill later became law.

18. **SB 237 Driving Up Taxpayer Costs by Providing Special Advantages Under the Law to LGBTQ-Owned Businesses.** This bill unnecessarily drives up taxpayer costs by designating LGBTQ-owned businesses as “minority-owned” under state law. As a result, businesses that have 51% ownership by LGBTQ individuals will receive preferential treatment in state contracting, loans and grants. ACU believes in equal rights and opportunities under the law for all and believes it is the duty of government to ensure all laws are applied equally. ACU opposes restricting competition and increasing taxpayer costs by advancing government discrimination on the basis of race, sex and sexual orientation through special business designations and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on April 13, 2021 by a vote of 13-7 and the bill was signed into law.

19. **SB 247 Increasing Construction Costs by Restricting New Apprenticeship Programs.** This bill drives up construction costs by placing new barriers to establish apprenticeship programs that do not have the support of union bosses. Furthermore, the bill restricts contracting rights and forces construction companies to pay above market wages. ACU opposes driving up construction costs through labor mandates designed to enrich unions and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on April 15, 2021 by a vote of 12-9 and the bill later became law.

20. **AB 249 Infringing Private Contracting Rights of Condominium and Homeowner’s Associations.** This bill infringes private contracting rights by preventing common-interest communities or homeowners associations (HOAs) from establishing any type of covenant that restricts the hours in which construction work may begin. ACUF’s Center for 21st Century Property Rights works to ensure individuals may freely choose a condominium association or homeowner’s association and level of governance that create neighborhood standards they prefer. ACU opposes this infringement of the right to freely contract, opposes weakening homeowners and condominium associations which serve as free-market alternatives to zoning and other government central planning mechanisms and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 20, 2021 by a vote of 20-0 and the bill later became law.

21. **AB 251 Expanding Employment Opportunities Through Expungement of Certain Juvenile Records.** This bill is designed to expand employment opportunities by permitting an individual to petition to have certain low-level criminal records expunged if they were committed when a person was under the age of 19. The bill applies to “acts of a child in need of supervision” or acts that would be considered misdemeanors if the person was an adult. ACUF’s Nolan Center for Justice is a national leader in criminal justice reform and works to cut crime, reduce taxpayer costs, protect victims, define the proper scope of government, and responsibly reduce incarceration rates. ACU supports efforts to reduce recidivism and expand economic growth by making it easier for reformed individuals with previous arrest records to obtain employment and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 21, 2021 by a vote of 21-0 and the bill was signed into law.
22. **AB 256 Increasing Government Dependency by Expanding Coverages Under Medicaid.** This bill increases government dependency by further expanding coverages under the Medicaid welfare system. Specifically, the bill requires the state to apply for a federal waiver to expand state Medicaid coverage to include “doula services”. ACU supports efforts to help people live happier, healthier, more productive lives, and opposes efforts that expand dependence on government, which leads to intergenerational poverty. ACU opposes further expanding a program rife with fraud and waste and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 31, 2021 by a vote of 21-0 and the bill was signed into law.

23. **AB 261 Advancing Critical Race Theory Through New State Curriculum Mandates.** This bill paves the way for students to be indoctrinated with Leftist ideals such as critical race theory (CRT). Under the bill, school districts and charter schools are mandated to inject “diversity and inclusion” instruction into their K-12 classrooms. Specifically, schools must teach the history and contributions of eight different subgroups of people including “persons of marginalized sexual orientation or gender identity, immigrants or refugees, and persons who are African-American, Hispanic or Pacific Islander.” ACU opposes state-wide educational mandates that do not pertain to core subject areas and recognizes that CRT is a tool used by the radical Left to advance division amongst Americans and expand the role of government. ACU believes it is abhorrent to advance this indoctrination on young students and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 21, 2021 by a vote of 12-9 and the bill later became law.

24. **SB 267 Advancing Gender and Race Quotas Through Workplace Diversity Studies.** This bill would expand the role of government to send a chilling effect to the hiring and business operating practices of private companies. Under the bill, the University of Nevada, Las Vegas (UNLV) is authorized to make requests to private businesses and state and local governments to conduct diversity studies. The studies would document the number of women and women of color on the organization’s board of directors, whether the organization has conducted a “pay equity analysis,” has a “diverse hiring committee,” provides paid family leave, has a health insurance plan which covers birth control, whether, and to what extent, the organization provides cultural training on implicit bias, unconscious bias, microaggressions, and other similar topics. While completion of the surveys is optional, the results will be reported to the legislature and posted online. ACU recognizes that this bill is designed to impose government control over private hiring decisions and ultimately radicalize private companies by shaming, and eventually forcing, private companies to create quotas for employment based on factors other than merit. ACU believes in equal rights under the law for all, vehemently opposes discrimination and believes those who discriminate will face repercussions in the marketplace. ACU opposes this measure which is designed to harass companies and foster discrimination based on race and sex and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 30, 2021 by a vote of 20-1 and the bill was signed into law.

25. **AB 280 Mandating Private Businesses Make Single-Stall Restrooms “Inclusive to Any Gender Identity”.** This bill invokes greater government interference in private business operations by making it unlawful for any business to label a single-stall restroom with signage indicating the restroom is for a specific gender. Additionally, places of public accommodation must make all single-stall restrooms as “inclusive and accessible as possible to a person of any gender identity or expression.” ACU believes government should not mandate private institutions’ restroom policy, except to prevent criminal acts, and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 31, 2021 by a vote of 15-6 and the bill was signed into law.

26. **SB 283 Placing Taxpayer Funds at Risk Through a Renewable Energy Financing Scheme.** This bill expands cronyism by authorizing localities to establish Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) programs. These programs provide financing for commercial and industrial property owners to make “renewable energy” or “energy efficiency” improvements to their property. Under the program, taxpayers are forced to provide financing to these property owners via additional property tax assessments. ACU does not believe it is the proper role of government to provide financing or loan collection services, opposes PACE programs which harm the lending industry and place taxpayers at risk in the event of a default and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on April 20, 2021 by a vote of 14-7 and the bill later became law.

27. **SB 284 Enriching Developers and Further Socializing “Affordable Housing” Costs.** This bill further socializes “affordable housing” by making permanent the Low Income Housing Tax Credit Program passed last session. The bill also allows the tax credits, which are issued to government favored housing developers, to be issued before a project is even completed. ACU opposes this cronyism which enriches select developers while shifting tax burdens to other industries and individuals not favored by government. ACU believes the best way to make housing truly “affordable” is by eliminating excessive building and zoning mandates and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on April 16, 2021 by a vote of 21-0 and the bill later became law.
28. **AB 286 Infringing Second Amendment Rights Through Additional Firearm Bans.** This bill is designed to prevent law-abiding individuals from exercising their Second Amendment rights by further worsening the state’s firearm ban. Specifically, the bill now bans so-called ‘ghost guns’ which do not meet government specs or quotas for metal content or are constructed by hobbyists and do not have serial numbers. ACU recognizes that this bill will do nothing to prevent dangerous criminals from obtaining, manufacturing, or using firearms unlawfully. ACU supports the founders’ belief in the Second Amendment, opposes unnecessary gun control measures that do not improve public safety and infringe the right of law-abiding individuals to manufacturer, keep and bear arms and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 21, 2021 by a vote of 12-9 and the bill later became law.

29. **SB 288 Advancing Innovation by Permitting Transportation Network Companies to Contract with Autonomous Vehicle Providers.** This bill helps pave the way for ride services to be performed with self-driving cars. Under the bill, a regulatory framework is established which allows transportation network companies (i.e., Uber, Lyft) to contract with monitored autonomous vehicle providers to connect the providers to potential passengers. A “monitor” is still required to be physically present in the autonomous vehicle at all times. ACU supports proactive efforts to embrace innovation and maximize the free-market benefits provided by autonomous technology, supports reducing government regulations to ensure both autonomous and traditional vehicles may share the road and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on April 20, 2021 by a vote of 21-0 and the bill was signed into law.

30. **SB 291 Imposing Additional Licensing Mandates on Estheticians.** This bill further worsens the state’s draconian esthetician licensing regime. Under the bill, estheticians who provide services such as exfoliation, hydrotherapy, microdermabrasion, microneedling and other procedures must obtain a newly created “advanced esthetician” license. As a result, despite already being forced to obtain 600 hours of training from a licensed school of cosmetology and undergo examinations, “advanced estheticians” must obtain an additional 300 hours of training. ACU recognizes this measure is primarily designed to enrich cosmetology schools. ACU opposes the proliferation of licensing requirements that reduce available services, raise consumer costs and are primarily designed to restrict competition and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 24, 2021 by a vote of 16-5 and the bill was signed into law.

31. **SB 293 Prohibiting Employers from Seeking the Salary History of Job Applicants.** This bill expands frivolous litigation and infringes the contracting rights of job applicants and employers by prohibiting an employer from requesting the salary history of a prospective employee. ACU supports the right of employers and employees to freely contract, believes wage history is a legitimate line of inquiry, particularly since it is required for federal government positions, and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on April 19, 2021 by a vote of 17-4 and the bill later became law.

32. **SB 303 Imposing New Licensing Mandates for Solar Panel Installations.** This bill restricts competition and drives up consumer costs by mandating an individual become licensed by the State Contractors Board in order to install residential photovoltaic systems. Furthermore, the bill imposes new mandates on contracting agreements and advertising. ACU supports all sources of energy, opposes the proliferation of licensing requirements that raise consumer costs and are primarily designed to restrict competition and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on April 20, 2021 by a vote of 21-0 and the bill was signed into law.

33. **AB 308 Imposing Additional Mandates on Landlords Concerning Late Fees and Rent Increases.** This bill invokes even greater government interference in the housing rental market by prohibiting a landlord from charging a late fee until at least three days have passed before rent is due. Additionally, the bill requires landlords provide a 60-day notice of a rent increase (previously 45-days). ACU supports the rights of landlords and tenants to freely contract and opposes this additional government intrusion into the private sector and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 17, 2021 by a vote of 13-8 and the bill later became law.

34. **AB 321 Weakening Election Integrity Through a Permanent Vote-By-Mail Scheme.** This bill significantly weakens the integrity of Nevada elections by implementing a permanent vote-by-mail scheme. Under the bill, all county and city clerks are required to send every active registered ballot before a primary or general election. ACU recognizes that mail-in voting schemes create numerous avenues for vote fraud. ACU supports efforts to strengthen election integrity and ensure that all legal ballots are counted, and that no illegal ballot is counted, which disenfranchises eligible voters, and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 31, 2021 by a vote of 12-9 and the bill later became law.
35. **SB 325 Reducing Barriers to Healthcare by Providing Pharmacists Authority to Prescribe HIV Prevention Drugs.** This bill makes it easier and less costly for individuals to obtain HIV prevention drugs. Under the bill, pharmacists are authorized to prescribe, dispense and administer drugs to prevent HIV, as well as perform certain laboratory tests. ACU supports lowering costs and improving access to healthcare through regulatory reforms and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 19, 2021 by a vote of 21-0 and the bill was signed into law.

36. **SB 327 Harming Employment Opportunities for People with Protective Hairstyles and Encouraging Lawsuit Abuse.** This bill, modeled after legislation passed in California, harms job opportunities for individuals with protective hairstyles such as braids, dreadlocks, and twists by adding the hairstyles to the list of characteristics over which individuals may file lawsuits for discrimination. As a result, the bill incentivizes businesses to avoid hiring anyone with protective hairstyles, rather than the bill's ostensible goal of protecting job opportunities for people with hairstyles historically associated with race. ACU believes discrimination is wrong and that businesses which discriminate will face repercussions in the marketplace. ACU opposes this measure which may harm the ability of racial minorities to obtain employment and impose significant new risk of lawsuit abuse for small businesses and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on April 19, 2021 by a vote of 20-1 and the bill was signed into law.

37. **AB 376 Weakening National Security by Obstructing Federal Immigration Enforcement.** This bill obstructs the enforcement of our nation's immigration laws by requiring the state Attorney General to develop model policies designed to "limit, to the fullest extent practicable and consistent with any applicable law, the engagement of state or local law enforcement agencies with federal immigration authorities for the purpose of immigration enforcement." Public schools, state and local law enforcement, health care facilities, and courthouses are required to adopt policies consistent with the Attorney General's model policies or provide a reason for failing to do so. ACU supports efforts to assist the federal government in performing its constitutional role to enforce the nation's immigration laws and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 31, 2021 by a vote of 12-9 and the bill was signed into law.

38. **AB 378 Blocking Transfer of Federal Land to State and Local Governments.** This bill is designed to block the transfer of the enormous holding of land by the federal government to Nevada state and local governments. Under the bill, the State Land Use Planning Agency would be prohibited from preparing plans regarding acquisition and use of lands under federal management. The federal government owns 47% of the land west of the Mississippi River and over 80% of all land in Nevada. Land transferred to state and local governments may ultimately be sold or privatized. ACU has long opposed the enormous land holdings of the federal government which has resulted in poor land management and runaway costs for taxpayers and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 21, 2021 by a vote of 11-10 and the bill later became law.

39. **AB 383 Infringing Consumer Choice Through Appliance Efficiency Mandates.** This bill significantly drives up consumer costs for everyday household items and commercial appliances. Under the bill, the Director of the Office of Energy is directed to set energy efficiency standards for numerous items including ovens, dishwashers, computers, gas fireplaces and air purifiers. Items that do not meet the standards would be prohibited from being sold in the state. ACU opposes reducing consumer choice and increasing product costs through this measure to advance a politicized environmental agenda and conduct market interference for government-favored products and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 31, 2021 by a vote of 12-9 and the bill later became law.

40. **AB 399 Driving Up Business and Consumer Costs by Mandating “Cage-Free” Eggs.** This bill advances excessive government interference in the agricultural sector by imposing significant restrictions on egg producers beginning in 2024. To meet government’s draconian standards, producers with 3,000 or more egg-laying chickens would be allowed to produce eggs only if hens are kept in “cage-free housing systems” which must meet stringent square footage mandates. The bill would also specify that hens must be provided “enrichments” and amenities such as perches, scratch areas and dust baths. ACU recognizes that cage-free systems have higher mortality rates due to increased challenges in maintaining air quality, attending injured or sick birds, and preventing birds from harming one another. ACU believes all animals should be protected from abuse and deserve to be treated with dignity and respect. ACU also recognizes that mandates of these kind do not solve animal abuse but rather drive-up costs for working households. ACU opposes excessive government interference in the agricultural industry which disrupts supply chains and ultimately raises consumer costs and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 21, 2021 by a vote of 16-5 and the bill later became law.
41. **SB 420 Further Socializing Health Care Through Creation of a “Public Option”**. This bill further socializes health care costs by directing the creation of a “public option” offered through the state’s Obamacare exchange. The plan would be available in 2026, and the program would reimburse providers at below-market Medicaid rates. The bill would also strong-arm private insurers to administer the program by requiring them to bid on the public option in order to participate in Medicaid. The ACU-led Coalition Against Socialized Medicine (CASM) works to educate the citizens about the catastrophic consequences of centralized, government-run health care and supports market-oriented health care solutions. ACU has long opposed Obamacare and this measure which further socializes health care and will lead to skyrocketing costs and reduced levels of care and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 24, 2021 by a vote of 12-9 and the bill later became law.

42. **AB 432 Expanding Automatic Voter Registration to Individuals Receiving Government Assistance**. This bill further weakens ballot integrity and creates additional avenues for vote fraud by expanding the state’s automatic voter registration system. Specifically, the bill expands the state’s program which automatically registers individuals to vote when they receive a driver’s license to now also automatically register individuals who apply for public assistance, including Medicaid. ACU opposes automatic voter registration programs which often result in the registration of non-citizens and other ineligible individuals, increase the risk of voter disenfranchisement via vote fraud and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 31, 2021 by a vote of 12-9 and the bill later became law.

43. **SB 448 Hiking Electricity Cost to Advance a “Clean Energy Transformation”**. This omnibus energy bill contains multiple provisions which will lead to skyrocketing electricity and consumer product costs. Firstly, the bill authorizes NV Energy to construct a $2 billion “Greenlink Nevada” transmission line to benefit the renewable energy sector as well as $100 million in “transportation electrification projects”. Additionally, the bill worsens costly mandates under the state’s Renewable Portfolio Standard. ACU opposes this scheme to advance a radical Leftist environmental agenda and enrich NV Energy while socializing the costs onto electricity users and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 21, 2021 by a vote of 21-0 and the bill later became law.

44. **AB 486 Infringing Property Rights by Significantly Delaying the Eviction Process**. This bill weakens property rights by significantly delaying the eviction proceeding process. Firstly, the bill would ‘stay’ (temporarily hold the eviction process if a tenant has an application for rental assistance from a third party pending. Additionally, eviction proceedings are stayed for 30 days under a new “alternative dispute resolution program” that mirrors the state’s foreclosure mediation process. ACU recognizes this measure exposes landlords to significant new risks which ultimately drives-up rental costs for everyone. ACU opposes this measure which weakens property rights and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 31, 2021 by a vote of 17-4 and the bill later became law.

45. **AB 495 Reducing Economic Growth Through a New Excise Tax on Mining**. This bill harms economic growth by imposing a new excise tax on gold and silver mining companies which will supposedly be channeled to education. The tax is placed on companies with more than $20 million in gross annual revenue and ranges between 0.75% and 1.1% depending on the size of the company. ACU recognizes this new tax will suck over $85 million from the private sector and potentially reduce life of mine production. ACU opposes reducing economic and instead believes significant structural reforms should be made to improve educational outcomes and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 31, 2021 by a vote of 16-5 and the bill later became law (a two-thirds vote is necessary to pass a tax increase).
NEVADA ASSEMBLY STATISTICS

OVERALL AVERAGE
36%

HARDY, MELISSA
49%

LOWEST REPUBLICAN

MARTINEZ, SUSIE
12%

HIGHEST DEMOCRATS

REPUBLICAN AVERAGE
76%

DEMOCRAT AVERAGE
11%

NEVADA ASSEMBLY CONSERVATIVE RATINGS

RED = REPUBLICANS
16 TOTAL IN HOUSE

BLUE = DEMOCRATS
26 TOTAL IN HOUSE

2021 CPAC Foundation Percentage
NEVADA ASSEMBLY SCORES

NEVADA ASSEMBLY VOTE DETAIL

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+ = Member voted with ACU’s position  
- = Member voted against ACU’s position  
x = Member was absent for vote

- SB 166 Further Advancing Unequal Justice Under the Law Thru Constitution’s “Hate Crime” Statute
- AB 186 Combatting “Policing for Profit” by Ending Traffic Citation and Arrest Quotas
- AB 190 Imposing a New Paid Leave Mandate on Private Employers and Employees.
- AB 207 Increasing Frivolous Litigation by Expanding Public Accommodation Laws to Encompass “Online Establishments”
- AB 211 Weakening Property Rights Through a New Mandate Concerning Wildlife
- AB 251 Expanding Employment Opportunities Through Apprenticeship Programs.
- SB 253 Imposing Additional Mandates on Landlords Concerning Late Fees and Rent Increases.
- SB 286 Infringing Second Amendment Rights Through Additional Firearm Bans.
- SB 288 Advancing Innovation by Permitting Transportation Network Companies to Contract with Autonomous Vehicle Providers.
- SB 293 Prohibiting Employers from Seeking the Salary History of Job Applicants.
- SB 325 Reducing Barriers to Healthcare by Providing Pharmacists Authority to Prescribe HIV Prevention Drugs.
- SB 327 Reducing Barriers to Healthcare by Providing Pharmacists Authority to Prescribe HIV Prevention Drugs.
- SB 378 Increasing Scarcity by Imposing Price Controls During Declared States of Emergency.
- SB 420 Further Socializing Health Care Through Creation of a “Public Option”.
- AB 432 Expanding Automatic Voter Registration to Individuals Receiving Government Assistance.
- SB 448 Hiking Electricity Cost to Advance a “Clean Energy Transformation”.
- AB 486 Infringing Property Rights by Significantly Delaying the Eviction Process.
- AB 495 Reducing Economic Growth Through a New Excise Tax on Mining.
| Party  | Dist | 2021 % | 2019 % | LIFETIME AVG | SR10 | AB180 | AB213 | AB8 | AB59 | AB65 | AB1 | SB213 | AB248 | AB308 | SB103 | AB105 | SB256 | AB291 | SB107 | AB251 | SB260 | AB190 | AB207 | AB211 | SB217 | AB307 | AB280 | SB283 | SB284 | AB286 | SB288 | SB291 | SB293 | SB303 | SB325 | SB327 | AB376 | AB378 | AB383 | AB399 | SB420 | AB432 | SB448 | AB486 | AB495 |
|--------|------|---------|--------|-------------|------|-------|-------|-----|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| González, Cecelia | D 16 | 11% | n/a | 11% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Corellow, Michelle | D 35 | 11% | 9% | 10% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| HAFEN, GREGORY | R 36 | 80% | 80% | 80% | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| Hansen, ALEXIS | R 32 | 80% | 80% | 80% | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| HARDY, MELISSA | R 22 | 49% | 60% | 54% | - | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| Jauregui, Sandra | D 41 | 11% | 9% | 16% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| KASAMA, HEIDI | R 2 | 70% | n/a | 70% | + | + | - | + | - | - | + | - | + | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| KRASNER, LISA | R 26 | 64% | 71% | 74% | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| LEAVITT, CLEN | R 23 | 62% | 63% | 63% | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| Martinez, Susie | D 12 | 12% | 9% | 10% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Marzola, Elaine | D 41 | 11% | 9% | 16% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MATTHEWS, ANDY | R 37 | 96% | n/a | 96% | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| MCARTHUR, RICHARD | R 4 | 96% | n/a | 92% | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| Miller, Britney | D 5 | 11% | 6% | 12% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Miller, Cameron | D 7 | 11% | n/a | 11% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Monroe-Moreno, Daniele | D 1 | 11% | 11% | 17% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nguyen, Rochelle | D 10 | 11% | 9% | 10% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| O’NEILL, PHILIP | R 40 | 70% | n/a | 75% | + | + | - | + | - | - | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| Orentlicher, David | D 20 | 11% | n/a | 11% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Peters, Sarah | D 24 | 11% | 9% | 10% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| ROBERTS, TOM | R 13 | 53% | 57% | 55% | - | + | + | - | - | - | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| Summers-Armstrong, Shondra | D 6 | 11% | n/a | 11% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Thomas, Clara | D 17 | 11% | n/a | 11% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| TITUS, ROBIN | R 38 | 93% | 83% | 90% | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| TOLLES, JILL | R 25 | 51% | 53% | 62% | + | + | + | - | - | - | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| Torres, Selena | D 3 | 11% | 9% | 10% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Watts, Howard | D 15 | 11% | 9% | 10% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| WHEELER, JIM | R 39 | 84% | 80% | 85% | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| Yeager, Steve | D 9 | 11% | 9% | 10% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

**Notes:**
- + = Member voted with ACU's position
- - = Member voted against ACU's position
- x = Member was absent for vote
- R = Republican  D = Democrat I = Independent

**Legislative Accountability:**
† = Legislator did not vote on enough of the selected bills and as a result did not receive a rating for the 2021 session. Two-thirds of the selected bills must be voted on to receive a score.
NEVADA ASSEMBLY VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

1. SJR 8 Establishing an Equal Rights Amendment to the State Constitution. This resolution proposes an amendment to the state constitution to declare “equality of rights” on the basis of race, color, creed, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, age, disability, ancestry or nation of origin. ACU opposes the Equal Rights Act (ERA) due to the fact it has nothing to do with treating individuals equally, but instead is a tool introduced by the Left to provide judges carte blanche authority to abuse the legal system, including attacking the private sector and providing “rights” to abortions, and opposed this resolution. The Assembly passed the resolution for the second time (previously passed in the 2019 session) on March 24, 2021 by a vote of 30-12 and the measure will be placed on the November, 2022 ballot.

2. AJR 10 Codifying a $12 per Hour Minimum Wage in the State Constitution. This resolution codifies a $12 per hour minimum wage into the state constitution effective July 1, 2024. ACU opposes these artificial wages that hurt those who need help the most, such as students, and opposed this resolution. The Assembly passed the resolution for the second time (previously passed in the 2019 session) on April 12, 2021 by a vote of 26-16 and the measure will be placed on the November, 2022 ballot.

3. AB 28 Increasing Taxpayer Costs Through a Protectionist State Procurement Mandate. This bill unnecessarily drives up taxpayer costs in the state procurement process by making it more difficult for out of state companies to compete for state contracts. Specifically, the bill establishes a protectionist “inverse preference” in the bidding process which penalizes out of state companies based on the procurement policies of their state. ACU supports a free and competitive bid process which provides the best value to taxpayers. ACU opposes this protectionist mandate which restricts competition and unnecessarily drives up taxpayer costs and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on April 13, 2021 by a vote of 40-2 and the bill was signed into law.

4. AB 57 Weakening Educational Standards by Suspending Student Growth Evaluations. This bill worsens educational outcomes by suspending the “pupil growth” component of teacher evaluations for the 2021-2022 school year. Under previous law, pupil growth accounted for 15% of a teacher’s annual evaluation. ACU opposes reducing educational outcomes by trapping students in classrooms with poor performing teachers and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on March 23, 2021 by a vote of 26-16 and the bill was signed into law.

5. AB 59 Advancing the War on Individual Liberties by Raising the Nicotine Age to 21. This bill violates individual liberties by prohibiting adults under age 21 from purchasing tobacco, nicotine or vaping, and e-cigarette products such as Juul. This bill is a result of efforts by the federal government to strong-arm states by threatening to withhold Federal Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant funding if they do not come into compliance with the new federal nicotine law. ACU believes tobacco and nicotine usage is a personal liberty issue, believes those who are old enough to fight for our country are old enough to decide whether to use these products and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on April 20, 2021 by a vote of 34-8 and the bill later became law.

6. AB 61 Increasing Scarcity by Imposing Price Controls During Declared States of Emergency. This bill pertaining to deceptive trade practices contains a major provision which worsens state disaster situations by imposing price controls, thus preventing the market from alleviating scarcity. Specifically, if the governor declares a state of emergency (such as during the COVID-19 pandemic) acts of “price gouging” are considered a deceptive trade practice. ACU opposes all anti-price gouging controls that worsen disasters by preventing the market from allocating scarce resources and incentivizing the flow of additional goods and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 17, 2021 by a vote of 26-16 and the bill later became law.

7. SB 103 Driving Up Property Insurance Premiums Through a New Mandate Concerning Dog Breeds. This bill ultimately drives up property insurance premiums for everyone by reducing the ability of insurers to assess and price risk. Under the bill, an insurer is prohibited from taking into account the breed of a dog when issuing or setting pricing for homeowners or renters insurance policies. ACU opposes this mandate which effectively socializes risk and drives up insurance premiums for everyone and opposes this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 21, 2021 by a vote of 32-9 and the bill later became law.
8. **AB 109 Preventing Charter Schools from Hiring the Most Qualified Teachers.** This bill prevents charter schools from hiring the most effective educators by increasing the percentage of teachers from 70% to 80% that must be licensed or have subject matter expertise. ACU opposes weakening educational outcomes by restricting the ability of charter schools to hire the most effective and qualified teachers and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on April 16, 2021 by a vote of 31-9 and the bill later became law.

9. **SB 145 Imposing Unnecessary New Mandates on the Financial Industry.** This bill subjects financial institutions to additional unnecessary regulatory burdens concerning the federal Community Reinvestment Act (CRA) of 1977. Under the bill, financial institutions must post their ‘CRA rating’ and conduct training sessions for faith-based and community advocacy organizations to educate them on the obligations financial institutions have under the CRA. ACU opposes driving up lending costs through unnecessary regulations and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 21, 2021 by a vote of 31-10 and the bill was signed into law.

10. **AB 146 Advancing Overreaching New Regulations Through a “Right” to Clean Water.** This bill declares a “right” to clean water and empowers the State Environmental Commission and Department of Conservation and Natural Resources to impose overreaching new regulations on water pollution from indirect sources. ACU supports environmental protection and holding polluters accountable but opposes providing carte blanche authority to government bureaucrats to shutdown industry and carry out a radical Leftist environmental agenda and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on April 20, 2021 by a vote of 26-16 and the bill was signed into law.

11. **SB 150 Strengthening Property Rights by Combatting Excessive Zoning Regulations.** This bill strengthens property rights by directing large counties and cities to amend at least one of their zoning districts to permit construction of accessory dwelling units and “tiny houses.” As a result, property owners will have greater freedom to build on their property, and developers will have greater opportunities to construct “tiny home parks.” ACU recognizes that numerous zoning boards across the state have abused their powers, with their central planning practices driving up housing costs and expanding cronyism in development. ACU supports strengthening property rights and empowering the free market and supported this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 21, 2021 by a vote of 33-8 and the bill was signed into law.

12. **AB 157 Permitting Lawsuits Based on 911 Calls Believed to be Motivated by Race or Gender Identity.** This bill enriches plaintiffs’ attorneys and serves as a new tool by the Left to intimidate individuals from summoning law enforcement. Under the bill, a person can now sue another individual for summoning law enforcement because of a characteristic such as “race, religious conviction, gender, disability, gender identity, sexual orientation, color, or national origin.” The bill permits plaintiffs to recover compensatory damages (including emotional distress), statutory damages of $1,000 for each act that gives rise to liability, punitive damages, and reasonable costs and attorney’s fees. ACU believes anyone who abuses public safety resources should face penalties under the law, as is currently the case. ACU further believes in equal rights under the law for all and that it is the duty of government to ensure all laws are applied equally. ACU opposes enriching plaintiffs’ attorneys through this measure which runs afoul of the whole concept of equal application of justice and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on April 13, 2021 by a vote of 36-6 and the bill was signed into law.

13. **SB 166 Further Advancing Unequal Justice Under the Law Through the State’s “Hate Crime” Statute.** This bill further advances unequal justice under the law by worsening the state’s “hate crime” statute. Under the bill, a person can now receive enhanced sentences under the state’s hate crime statute even if they have the same identifying characteristics which allegedly motivated them to commit the crime against their victim. ACU recognizes that all crimes are disrespectful of individual rights and reflect an animus toward others. ACU opposes increasing penalties for crimes committed against select individuals which runs afoul of the whole concept of equal application of justice and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 21, 2021 by a vote of 33-8 and the bill later became law.

14. **AB 186 Combatting “Policing for Profit” by Ending Traffic Citation and Arrest Quotas.** This bill would help prevent “policing for profit” by prohibiting any law enforcement agency from requiring law enforcement officers to meet traffic citation or arrest quotas. ACUF’s Nolan Center for Justice is a national leader in criminal justice reform and works to cut crime, reduce taxpayer costs, protect victims, define the proper scope of government, and responsibly reduce incarceration rates. ACU opposes policing quotas which prioritize revenue generation over public safety and lead to unequal application of the law and supported this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on April 15, 2021 by a vote of 41-1 and the bill was signed into law.
15. AB 190 Imposing a New Paid Leave Mandate on Private Employers and Employees. This bill interferes in the contracting rights of private employers and employees by imposing a new paid leave mandate. Under the bill, any company which provides paid or unpaid sick leave is now forced to authorize usage by an employee to attend to a family member. ACU believes employers and employees should be free to negotiate their own benefits, and opposes this infringement of the right to contract, which may limit the ability of employees to receive other benefits or job perks and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on April 15, 2021 by a vote of 30-12 and the bill later became law.

16. AB 207 Increasing Frivolous Litigation by Expanding Public Accommodation Laws to Encompass “Online Establishments”. This bill is largely designed to enrich greedy plaintiffs’ attorneys by expanding the state’s public accommodation laws covering discrimination to now include “online establishments,” including goods and services provided over the internet. ACU believes discrimination is wrong and that businesses which discriminate will face repercussions in the marketplace. ACU opposes this measure which provides a new incentive in the legal system to extort small businesses with frivolous litigation and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on April 20, 2021 by a vote of 26-16 and the bill was signed into law.

17. AB 211 Weakening Property Rights Through a New Mandate Concerning Wildlife. This bill weakens property rights by placing yet another regulatory barrier on individuals wishing to develop their land. Under the bill, tentative maps for subdivision of land must be submitted to the Nevada Department of Wildlife. The agency is then required to submit comments on the potential impacts on wildlife habitat that local jurisdictions must consider. ACU recognizes there are already numerous environmental regulations imposed at the federal, state and local level of governments, opposes further weakening property rights and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on April 20, 2021 by a vote of 26-16 and the bill later became law.

18. SB 237 Driving Up Taxpayer Costs by Providing Special Advantages Under the Law to LGBTQ-Owned Businesses. This bill unnecessarily drives up taxpayer costs by designating LGBTQ-owned businesses as “minority-owned” under state law. As a result, businesses that have 51% ownership by LGBTQ individuals will receive preferential treatment in state contracting, loans and grants. ACU believes in equal rights and opportunities under the law for all and believes it is the duty of government to ensure all laws are applied equally. ACU opposes restricting competition and increasing taxpayer costs by advancing government discrimination based on the basis of race, sex and sexual orientation through special business designations and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 21, 2021 by a vote of 26-15 and the bill was signed into law.

19. SB 247 Increasing Construction Costs by Restricting New Apprenticeship Programs. This bill drives up construction costs by placing new barriers to establish apprenticeship programs that do not have the support of union bosses. Furthermore, the bill restricts contracting rights and forces construction companies to pay above market wages. ACU opposes driving up construction costs through labor mandates designed to enrich unions and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 21, 2021 by a vote of 26-15 and the bill later became law.

20. AB 249 Infringing Private Contracting Rights of Condominium and Homeowner’s Associations. This bill infringes private contracting rights by preventing common-interest communities or homeowners associations (HOAs) from establishing any type of covenant that restricts the hours in which construction work may begin. ACUF’s Center for 21st Century Property Rights works to ensure individuals may freely choose a condominium association or homeowner’s association and level of governance that create neighborhood standards they prefer. ACU opposes this infringement of the right to freely contract, opposes weakening homeowners and condominium associations which serve as free-market alternatives to zoning and other government central planning mechanisms and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 21, 2021 by a vote of 31-11 and the bill later became law.

21. AB 251 Expanding Employment Opportunities Through Expungement of Certain Juvenile Records. This bill is designed to expand employment opportunities by permitting an individual to petition to have certain low-level criminal records expunged if they were committed when a person was under the age of 19. The bill applies to “acts of a child in need of supervision” or acts that would be considered misdemeanors if the person was an adult. ACUF’s Nolan Center for Justice is a national leader in criminal justice reform and works to cut crime, reduce taxpayer costs, protect victims, define the proper scope of government, and responsibly reduce incarceration rates. ACU supports efforts to reduce recidivism and expand economic growth by making it easier for reformed individuals with previous arrest records to obtain employment and supported this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on April 20, 2021 by a vote of 42-0 and the bill was signed into law.
22. **AB 256 Increasing Government Dependency by Expanding Coverages Under Medicaid.** This bill increases government dependency by further expanding coverages under the Medicaid welfare system. Specifically, the bill requires the state to apply for a federal waiver to expand state Medicaid coverage to include “doula services”. ACU supports efforts to help people live happier, healthier, more productive lives, and opposes efforts that expand dependence on government, which leads to intergenerational poverty. ACU opposes further expanding a program rife with fraud and waste and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 13, 2021 by a vote of 33-9 and the bill was signed into law.

23. **SB 263 Placing Taxpayer Funds at Risk Through a Renewable Energy Financing Scheme.** This bill expands cronyism by authorizing localities to establish Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) programs. These programs provide financing for commercial and industrial property owners to make “renewable energy” or “energy efficiency” improvements to their property. ACU opposes further expanding a program rife with fraud and waste and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 27, 2021 by a vote of 36-5 and the bill was signed into law.

24. **AB 280 Mandating Private Businesses Make Single-Stall Restrooms “Inclusive to Any Gender Identity”.** This bill invokes greater government interference in private business operations by making it unlawful for any business to label a single-stall restroom with signage indicating the restroom is for a specific gender. Additionally, all places of public accommodation must make all single-stall restrooms as “inclusive and accessible as possible to a person of any gender identity or expression.” ACU believes government should not mandate private institutions’ restroom policy, except to prevent criminal acts, and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 31, 2021 by a vote of 32-10 and the bill was signed into law.

25. **SB 267 Advancing Gender and Race Quotas Through Workplace Diversity Studies.** This bill expands the role of government to send a chilling effect to the hiring and business operating practices of private companies. Under the bill, the University of Nevada, Las Vegas (UNLV) is authorized to make requests to private businesses and state and local governments to conduct diversity studies. The studies would document the number of women and women of color on the organization’s board of directors, whether the organization has conducted a “pay equity analysis,” has a “diverse hiring committee,” provides paid family leave, has a health insurance plan which covers birth control, whether, and to what extent, the organization provides cultural training on implicit bias, unconscious bias, microaggressions, and other similar topics. While completion of the surveys is optional, the results will be reported to the legislature and posted online. ACU recognizes that this bill is designed to impose government control over private hiring decisions and ultimately radicalize private companies by shaming, and eventually forcing, private companies to create quotas for employment based on factors other than merit. ACU believes in equal rights under the law for all, vehemently opposes discrimination and believes those who discriminate will face repercussions in the marketplace. ACU opposes this measure which is designed to harass companies and foster discrimination based on race and sex and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 31, 2021 by a vote of 32-10 and the bill was signed into law.

26. **AB 283 Placing Taxpayer Funds at Risk Through a Renewable Energy Financing Scheme.** This bill expands cronyism by authorizing localities to establish Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) programs. These programs provide financing for commercial and industrial property owners to make “renewable energy” or “energy efficiency” improvements to their property. Under the bill, taxpayers are forced to provide financing to these property owners via additional property tax assessments. ACU does not believe it is the proper role of government to provide financing or loan collection services, opposes PACE programs which harm the lending industry and place taxpayers at risk in the event of a default and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 21, 2021 by a vote of 34-7 and the bill later became law.

27. **SB 284 Enriching Developers and Further Socializing “Affordable Housing” Costs.** This bill further socializes “affordable housing” by making permanent the Low Income Housing Tax Credit Program passed last session. The bill also allows the tax credits, which are issued to government favored housing developers, to be issued before a project is even completed. ACU opposes this cronyism which enriches select developers while shifting tax burdens to other industries and individuals not favored by government. ACU believes the best way to make housing truly “affordable” is by eliminating excessive building and zoning mandates and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 21, 2021 by a vote of 35-6 and the bill later became law.
28. **AB 286 Infringing Second Amendment Rights Through Additional Firearm Bans**. This bill is designed to prevent law-abiding individuals from exercising their Second Amendment rights by further worsening the state’s firearm ban. Specifically, the bill now bans so-called “ghost guns” which do not meet government specs or quotas for metal content or are constructed by hobbyists and do not have serial numbers. ACU recognizes that this bill will do nothing to prevent dangerous criminals from obtaining, manufacturing, or using firearms unlawfully. ACU supports the founders’ belief in the Second Amendment, opposes unnecessary gun control measures that do not improve public safety and infringe the right of law-abiding individuals to manufacturer, keep and bear arms and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on April 20, 2021 by a vote of 26-16 and the bill later became law.

29. **SB 288 Advancing Innovation by Permitting Transportation Network Companies to Contract with Autonomous Vehicle Providers**. This bill helps pave the way for ride services to be performed with self-driving cars. Under the bill, a regulatory framework is established which allows transportation network companies (i.e., Uber, Lyft) to contract with monitored autonomous vehicle providers to connect the providers to potential passengers. A “monitor” is still required to be physically present in the autonomous vehicle at all times. ACU supports proactive efforts to embrace innovation and maximize the free-market benefits provided by autonomous technology, supports reducing government regulations to ensure both autonomous and traditional vehicles may share the road and supported this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 21, 2021 by a vote of 39-2 and the bill was signed into law.

30. **SB 291 Imposing Additional Licensing Mandates on Estheticians**. This bill further worsens the state’s Draconian esthetician licensing regime. Under the bill, estheticians who provide services such as exfoliation, hydrotherapy, microdermabrasion, microneedling and other procedures must obtain a newly created “advanced esthetician” license. As a result, despite already being forced to obtain 600 hours of training from a licensed school of cosmetology and undergo examinations, “advanced estheticians” must obtain an additional 300 hours of training. ACU recognizes this measure is primarily designed to enrich cosmetology schools. ACU opposes the proliferation of licensing requirements that reduce available services, raise consumer costs and are primarily designed to restrict competition and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 31, 2021 by a vote of 29-13 and the bill was signed into law.

31. **SB 293 Prohibiting Employers from Seeking the Salary History of Job Applicants**. This bill expands frivolous litigation and infringes the contracting rights of job applicants and employers by prohibiting an employer from requesting the salary history of a prospective employee. ACU supports the right of employers and employees to freely contract, believes wage history is a legitimate line of inquiry, particularly since it is required for federal government positions, and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 21, 2021 by a vote of 30-11 and the bill later became law.

32. **SB 303 Imposing New Licensing Mandates for Solar Panel Installations**. This bill restricts competition and drives up consumer costs by mandating an individual become licensed by the State Contractors Board in order to install residential photovoltaic systems. Furthermore, the bill imposes new mandates on contracting agreements and advertising. ACU supports all sources of energy, opposes the proliferation of licensing requirements that raise consumer costs and are primarily designed to restrict competition and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 21, 2021 by a vote of 36-5 and the bill was signed into law.

33. **AB 308 Imposing Additional Mandates on Landlords Concerning Late Fees and Rent Increases**. This bill invokes even greater government interference in the housing rental market by prohibiting a landlord from charging a late fee until at least three days have passed before rent is due. Additionally, the bill requires landlords provide a 60-day notice of a rent increase (previously 45-days). ACU supports the rights of landlords and tenants to freely contract and opposes this additional government intrusion into the private sector and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on April 13, 2021 by a vote of 34-8 and the bill later became law.

34. **AB 321 Weakening Election Integrity Through a Permanent Vote-By-Mail Scheme**. This bill significantly weakens the integrity of Nevada elections by implementing a permanent vote-by-mail scheme. Under the bill, all county and city clerks are required to send every active registered ballot before a primary or general election. ACU recognizes that mail-in voting schemes create numerous avenues for vote fraud. ACU supports efforts to strengthen election integrity and ensure that all legal ballots are counted, and that no illegal ballot is counted, which disenfranchises eligible voters, and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 26, 2021 by a vote of 26-16 and the bill later became law.
35. SB 325 Reducing Barriers to Healthcare by Providing Pharmacists Authority to Prescribe HIV Prevention Drugs. This bill makes it easier and less costly for individuals to obtain HIV prevention drugs. Under the bill, pharmacists are authorized to prescribe, dispense and administer drugs to prevent HIV, as well as perform certain laboratory tests. ACU supports lowering costs and improving access to healthcare through regulatory reforms and supported this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 31, 2021 by a vote of 40-2 and the bill was signed into law.

36. SB 327 Harming Employment Opportunities for People with Protective Hairstyles and Encouraging Lawsuit Abuse. This bill, modeled after legislation passed in California, harms job opportunities for individuals with protective hairstyles such as braids, dreadlocks, and twists by adding the hairstyles to the list of characteristics over which individuals may file lawsuits for discrimination. As a result, the bill incentivizes businesses to avoid hiring anyone with protective hairstyles, rather than the bill’s ostensible goal of protecting job opportunities for people with hairstyles historically associated with race. ACU believes discrimination is wrong and that businesses which discriminate will face repercussions in the marketplace. ACU opposes this measure which may harm the ability of racial minorities to obtain employment and impose significant new risk of lawsuit abuse for small businesses and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 21, 2021 by a vote of 33-8 and the bill was signed into law.

37. AB 376 Weakening National Security by Obstructing Federal Immigration Enforcement. This bill obstructs the enforcement of our nation’s immigration laws by requiring the state Attorney General to develop model policies designed to “limit, to the fullest extent practicable and consistent with any applicable law, the engagement of state or local law enforcement agencies with federal immigration authorities for the purpose of immigration enforcement.” Public schools, state and local law enforcement, health care facilities, and courthouses are required to adopt policies consistent with the Attorney General’s model policies or provide a reason for failing to do so. ACU supports efforts to assist the federal government in performing its constitutional role to enforce the nation’s immigration laws and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 26, 2021 by a vote of 25-16 and the bill was signed into law.

38. AB 378 Blocking Transfer of Federal Land to State and Local Governments. This bill is designed to block the transfer of the enormous holding of land by the federal government to Nevada state and local governments. Under the bill, the State Land Use Planning Agency would be prohibited from preparing plans regarding acquisition and use of lands under federal management. The federal government owns 47% of the land west of the Mississippi River and over 80% of all land in Nevada. Land transferred to state and local governments may ultimately be sold or privatized. ACU has long opposed the enormous land holdings of the federal government which has resulted in poor land management and runaway costs for taxpayers and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on April 20, 2021 by a vote of 26-16 and the bill later became law.

39. AB 383 Infringing Consumer Choice Through Appliance Efficiency Mandates. This bill significantly drives up consumer costs for everyday household items and commercial appliances. Under the bill, the Director of the Office of Energy is directed to set energy efficiency standards for numerous items including ovens, dishwashers, computers, gas fireplaces and air purifiers. Items that do not meet the standards would be prohibited from being sold in the state. ACU opposes reducing consumer choice and increasing product costs through this measure to advance a politicized environmental agenda and conduct market interference for government-favored products and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 28, 2021 by a vote of 26-13 and the bill later became law.

40. AB 399 Driving Up Business and Consumer Costs by Mandating “Cage-Free” Eggs. This bill advances excessive government interference in the agricultural sector by imposing significant restrictions on egg producers beginning in 2024. To meet government's draconian standards, producers with 3,000 or more egg-laying chickens would be allowed to produce eggs only if hens are kept in “cage-free housing systems” which must meet stringent square footage mandates. The bill would also specify that hens must be provided “enrichments” and amenities such as perches, scratch areas and dust baths. ACU recognizes that cage-free systems have higher mortality rates due to increased challenges in maintaining air quality, attending injured or sick birds, and preventing birds from harming one another. ACU believes all animals should be protected from abuse and deserve to be treated with dignity and respect. ACU also recognizes that mandates of these kind do not solve animal abuse but rather drive-up costs for working households. ACU opposes excessive government interference in the agricultural industry which disrupts supply chains and ultimately raises consumer costs and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on April 20, 2021 by a vote of 27-15 and the bill later became law.
41. **SB 420 Further Socializing Health Care Through Creation of a “Public Option”**. This bill further socializes health care costs by directing the creation of a “public option” offered through the state’s Obamacare exchange. The plan would be available in 2026, and the program would reimburse providers at below-market Medicaid rates. The bill would also strong-arm private insurers to administer the program by requiring them to bid on the public option in order to participate in Medicaid. The ACU-led Coalition Against Socialized Medicine (CASM) works to educate the citizens about the catastrophic consequences of centralized, government-run health care and supports market-oriented health care solutions. ACU has long opposed Obamacare and this measure which further socializes health care and will lead to skyrocketing costs and reduced levels of care and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 30, 2021 by a vote of 26-15 and the bill later became law.

42. **AB 432 Expanding Automatic Voter Registration to Individuals Receiving Government Assistance**. This bill further weakens ballot integrity and creates additional avenues for vote fraud by expanding the state’s automatic voter registration system. Specifically, the bill expands the state’s program which automatically registers individuals to vote when they receive a driver’s license to now also automatically register individuals who apply for public assistance, including Medicaid. ACU opposes automatic voter registration programs which often result in the registration of non-citizens and other ineligible individuals, increase the risk of voter disenfranchisement via vote fraud and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 28, 2021 by a vote of 26-16 and the bill later became law.

43. **SB 448 Hiking Electricity Cost to Advance a “Clean Energy Transformation”**. This omnibus energy bill contains multiple provisions which will lead to skyrocketing electricity and consumer product costs. Firstly, the bill authorizes NV Energy to construct a $2 billion “Greenlink Nevada” transmission line to benefit the renewable energy sector as well as $100 million in “transportation electrification projects”. Additionally, the bill worsens costly mandates under the state’s Renewable Portfolio Standard. ACU opposes this scheme to advance a radical Leftist environmental agenda and enrich NV Energy while socializing the costs onto electricity users and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 31, 2021 by a vote of 32-10 and the bill later became law.

44. **AB 486 Infringing Property Rights by Significantly Delaying the Eviction Process**. This bill weakens property rights by significantly delaying the eviction proceeding process. Firstly, the bill would “stay” (temporarily hold the eviction process if a tenant has an application for rental assistance from a third party pending. Additionally, eviction proceedings are stayed for 30 days under a new “alternative dispute resolution program” that mirrors the state’s foreclosure mediation process. ACU recognizes this measure exposes landlords to significant new risks which ultimately drives-up rental costs for everyone. ACU opposes this measure which weakens property rights and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 27, 2021 by a vote of 29-12 and the bill later became law.

45. **AB 495 Reducing Economic Growth Through a New Excise Tax on Mining**. This bill harms economic growth by imposing a new excise tax on gold and silver mining companies which will supposedly be channeled to education. The tax is placed on companies with more than $20 million in gross annual revenue and ranges between 0.75% and 1.1% depending on the size of the company. ACU recognizes this new tax will suck over $85 million from the private sector and potentially reduce life of mine production. ACU opposes reducing economic and instead believes significant structural reforms should be made to improve educational outcomes and opposed this bill. The Assembly passed the bill on May 31, 2021 by a vote of 28-14 and the bill later became law (a two-thirds vote is necessary to pass a tax increase).